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UNIVERSITY OF BERGEN

based on joint work with Konrad Majewski, Wojciech Nadara, Michał Pilipczuk, and Marek Sokołowski, University of Warsaw

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Example: Connectivity (Query: Are *s* and *t* in the same component?)

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- 4. [Henzinger&King'99]: $\mathcal{O}(\log^3 n)$ amortized time

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- [Goranci,Räcke,Saranurak,Tan'21]: *n*^{o(1)} amortized time *n*^{o(1)}-approximate tree decomposition. Not suitable for dynamic programming.

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There is a data structure that is initialized with an integer *k* and an empty *n*-vertex graph *G*, and maintains a tree decomposition of *G* of width at most 6k + 5 under edge additions and deletions in amortized update time $\mathcal{O}_k(2^{\sqrt{\log n} \log \log n})$, under the promise that the treewidth of *G* never exceeds *k*.

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- the data structure can maintain the run of any tree automaton with evaluation time $\mathcal{O}_k(1)$ within the same running time
- the data structure persists even when the treewidth of *G* exceeds *k*, in that case returning a marker "Treewidth too large" instead of maintaining the automaton

Corollary

Let *H* be fixed planar graph. There is a dynamic algorithm with $\mathcal{O}_H(2^{\sqrt{\log n} \log \log n})$ amortized update time for maintaining whether *G* contains *H* as a minor.

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Proof:

- By the Grid Minor Theorem [Robertson&Seymour'85], there exists *k* so that every graph of treewidth > *k* contains *H* as a minor
- Use dynamic treewidth data structure with this *k* and a tree automaton that tests for *H* as a minor by dynamic programming

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- Solution: a *Refinement operation* to re-compute the tree decomposition on these bags



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- Builds on the improvement operation of [K & Lokshtanov'23], also uses the dealternation lemma of [Bojańczyk&Pilipczuk'22] and Bodlaender-Hagerup-lemma





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- Solution: A depth-reduction scheme by using the refinement operation and a potential function



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 \Rightarrow Can keep depth at most $2^{\mathcal{O}_k(\sqrt{\log n \log \log n})}$ with amortized time complexity $2^{\mathcal{O}_k(\sqrt{\log n \log \log n})}$

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 - Dynamic k-DISJOINT PATHS on planar graphs?

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